

## Composite Cloth Absolta - Technical Data

Designation		Geometrical pore size µm	Thickness mm	Porosity %	Pressure drop mbar	A <sub>s</sub> mm <sup>2</sup> /cm	R <sub>p</sub> N/cm	Weight kg/m <sup>2</sup>	Eu
<b>Absolta</b>	Absolta 2	10	2,5	55	4,30	4,9	780	9,00	3.254
	Absolta 5	14	2,5	55	3,30	4,9	780	9,00	2.498
	Absolta 10	21	2,5	55	2,25	4,9	780	9,00	1.703
	Absolta 15	20	2,5	55	1,46	4,9	780	8,50	1.105
	Absolta 20	25	2,5	55	0,61	4,9	780	8,50	462
	Absolta 30	35	2,5	55	0,53	4,9	780	8,50	401
	Absolta 40	50	2,5	55	0,40	4,9	780	8,50	303
	Absolta 50	60	2,5	55	0,29	4,9	780	9,00	219
	Absolta 60	75	2,5	55	0,19	4,9	780	9,00	144
	Absolta 75	90	2,5	55	0,08	4,9	780	9,00	61

The pressure drop has been calculated for gas at an approach velocity of approximately 20m/min. These values may be used to compare composite cloths.

As: the effective cross section at the cutting edges, which run parallel to the wires to absorb drag.

R<sub>p</sub>: is the yield strength value for the load on the composite cloth perpendicular to cross section As, which must not be exceeded.

Eu: The non-dimensional Euler number describes the ratio of pressure forces to inertial forces for the different weave specifications at similar flow conditions. The higher the Euler number of a weave specification, the higher the pressure loss of this weave specification will be. The Euler number allows comparison of differing weave specifications in terms of pressure loss.

The geometric pore size defines the diameter of the largest sphere passing through the weave.

The values given in this table are typical values for the composite cloths. They should not be used to infer any warranted qualities. We reserve the right to make technical changes and enhancements at any time.